

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105-3901

Wednesday, July 08, 2015

Bonnie Secakuku, CSA Sipaulovi Village P.O. Box 889 Second Mesa, AZ 86043

REPORT OF VIOLATIONS OF THE SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT

Dear Ms. Secakuku:

This letter is to notify you of violations of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and what must be done to correct the violations for the public water system (PWS) shown below:

Sipaulovi (Lower Sipaulovi/Lower Mishongnovi), PWS ID#0400107

The violations reported by EPA Region 9 to EPA HQ for the period ending on 3/31/2015 can be found on the attached table.

Public Notification Requirements

The public must be notified any time there is a violation of the SDWA. Depending on the severity of the violation, the type of Public Notice required will fall into one of three "tiers." The final column of the table labeled "Public Notice Tier" indicated the type of Public Notice required for the associated violation. If this PWS is required to distribute an annual Consumer Confidence Report, the Tier 3 notifications can be included in that report. Public Notice templates and handbook can be obtained by request from EPA or can be found at:

Tier 1 violations require notification within 24 hours.

Tier 2 violations allow 30 days for notification.

Tier 3 violations require annual notification.

http://water.epa.gov/lawsregs/rulesregs/sdwa/publicnotification/compliancehelp.cfm

Failure to comply with the public notice requirement will result in further violations.

Return to Compliance

EPA determines that the drinking water system has returned to compliance when the system reports the required sample results, or corrects the violation appropriately. An official Return to Compliance (RTC) will be entered into our records at that point. All violations and RTCs are reported to the EPA website, see: http://www.epa-echo.gov/echo/compliance_report_sdwa.html

Violations of the SDWA that are not corrected lead to a PWS being designated as an 'Enforcement Priority', as identified on EPA's national Enforcement Targeting Tool list. Drinking water systems that acquire this designation are targeted priorities for possible enforcement action by EPA. Furthermore, Enforcement Priority status precludes eligibility for funding under our infrastructure program, unless the proposed project will bring the system into compliance.

If your system has returned to compliance including the requirement to provide public notice, no further action is necessary. If you have questions regarding this matter, please contact Bessie Lee of my staff at (415) 972-3776.

Sincerely,

David Albright, Manager

Drinking Water Protection Section

cc: Herman Honanie, Chairman
Steven Dewakuku, Governing Board of Directors
Mayfa Natoni, Sipaulovi Water Association
Patrick Thompson, Water Operator
Lionel Puhuyesva, Director, WRP
Craig Andrews, Mishongnovi Board of Directors

Sipaulovi (Lower Sipaulovi/Lower Mishongnovi), PWS ID#0400107 Table of Violations reported by EPA Region 9 to EPA Headquarters for period ending 3/31/2015

Violation Type: Failure to post/submit offical Public Notification as required by SDWA.

Contaminant	Violation Period*	Sample Date	Result	Violation Comment +	Public Notice Tier
Public Notice Rule	10/1/2014			Failure to post or submit Tier Public Notice for Violation typ MCL, Average - EP001: Runannual average violation calculated from the last samp submitted and the group of results from the previous 4 quarters.: Arsenic: 10/1/2014 PN posted on November 13, 2014. However, copy of November 2014 PN received USEPA in March 2015. Viola for late delivery of PN, but system returned to compliance with receipt of November 2014 PN.	pee: ning ple d by ntion

The Water System must do the following: Post and submit required Public Notice.

Violation Type: Maximum Contaminant Level violation for chemical contaminant (running average, 4 qtrs.)

Contaminant	Violation Period*	Sample Date	Result	Violation Comment +	Public Notice Tier
Arsenic	1/1/2015 3/31/2015	N/A	.0174	EP001: Running annual aver violation calculated from the sample submitted and the gr of results from the previous 4 quarters.	last oup

The Water System must do the following: Report quarterly monitoring for contaminant in violation, until running annual average is below MCL for 6 months.

^{*} Depending on the contaminant and your public water system's monitoring schedule, violations are reported in the quarter following the due date.

⁺ The comment field indicates the reason for the violation and may indicate whether the system has corrected the violation, issued public notice, or remains out of compliance.

